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## Why explosion protection?

Explosion protection for electrical and mechanical machinery is an important precautionary measure to ensure the safety of persons and all kinds of production, storage and distribution systems, when explosive mixtures of combustible gases, dusts and air may occur.

## What does explosion protection achieve?

Explosion protection can mean to generally prevent the occurrence of an explosive mixture. Explosion protection can also be achieved by eliminating potential ignition sources in advance, e.g. high temperatures and sparking by designing components accordingly and by permanent monitoring of operation, or by using a flame-proof enclosure for the source of ignition to protect the surrounding area against possible effects of an internal explosion.

## Examples of explosion hazards in various industries:

### Chemical industry

In the chemical industry, combustible gases, liquids and solids are converted and processed in various procedures. Explosive mixtures may be created during these processes.

### Waste disposal sites

At waste disposal sites, combustible gases may form. Comprehensive technical measures are required to prevent their uncontrolled escaping and possible ignition.

### Energy production companies

Coal dust, which may form explosive dust/air mixtures, may occur during production, breaking and drying from coal lumps which themselves are not explosive with air.

### Waste management companies

The fermentation gases released during treatment of waste water in waste water treatment plants may form explosive gas/air mixtures.

### Gas suppliers

If natural gas escapes through leakages or similar, explosive gas/air mixtures may be created.

### Metal processing companies

During the production of formed metal parts, explosive metal dusts may occur during surface treatment (grinding). This applies in particular to light metals. These metal dusts may cause an explosion risk in separators.

### Wood-processing companies

When processing wood workpieces, wood dust occurs, which may form explosive dust/air mixtures in filters or silos for example.

### Paint shops

Overspray, which may occur during painting of surfaces using spray guns as well as any released solvent vapours, may form an explosive atmosphere with air.

### Agriculture

Some agricultural facilities operate systems for the production of biogas. If biogas escapes as a consequence of leakages, for example, explosive biogas/air mixtures may form.

### Food and feeding-stuffs industry

During the transportation and storage of grain, sugar, etc. explosive dusts may occur. When these are evacuated and separated using filters, an explosive atmosphere may occur in the filter.

### Pharmaceutical industry

In pharmaceutical production, alcohols are frequently used as solvents. Furthermore, active and auxiliary substances with a dust explosion hazard may also be used.

### Refineries

The hydrocarbons processed in refineries are all combustible and, depending on their flash point, are capable of causing an explosive atmosphere even at ambient temperatures.

### Recycling companies

When processing recycling waste, explosion hazards may be caused by cans which are not completely empty or other containers with combustible gases and/or liquids; explosion hazards may also be caused by paper or plastic dust.



## Cooperation of parties involved

### Obligations of user, installer and manufacturer

Close cooperation of all parties involved is essential for the safety in potentially explosive areas.

The user is responsible for the safety of the installation. He has to assess possible explosion hazards and assign zones accordingly.

In addition, he is also responsible for ensuring that the equipment is installed in accordance with regulations and is tested before it is put into service for the first time. The equipment must be kept in appropriate condition by regular inspections and maintenance.

The installer must observe the relevant installation requirements and select and install the equipment correctly for its intended use.

Manufacturers of explosion-proof equipment must ensure that each device manufactured complies with the type-tested design.

### Legal basis

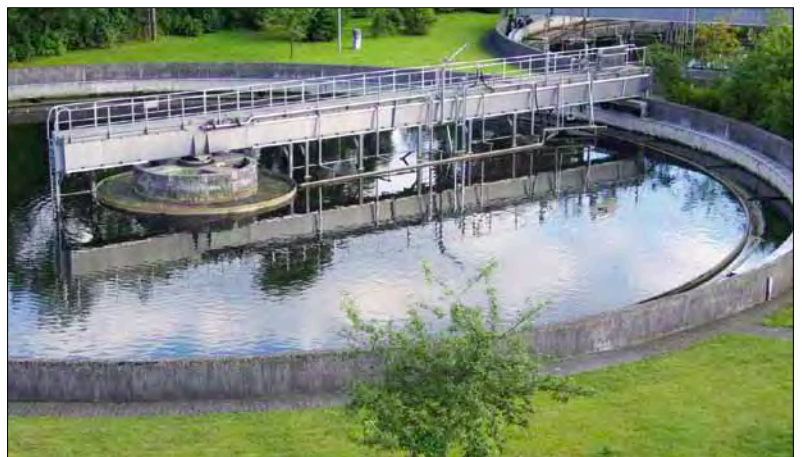
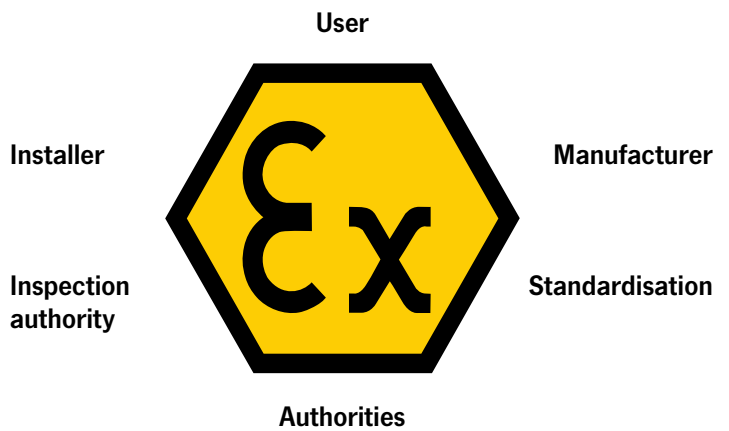
The acronym ATEX is the abbreviation of the French term "Atmosphères explosibles", which means explosive atmospheres. This designation is currently still used as a synonym for these two directives of the European Union: 94/9/EC (ATEX 95, previously ATEX 100a) and 99/92/EC (ATEX 137, previously ATEX 118a).

Directive 94/9/EC is primarily intended for manufacturers of explosion-proof equipment.

Directive 99/92/EC is primarily intended for users of installations with a potentially explosive atmosphere.

### Risk assessment

For taking efficient measures in areas with an explosion hazard, a risk assessment – in accordance with national health and safety regulations taking into account national industrial safety acts as well as hazardous substances ordinances must be carried out first. If this risk assessment shows that the formation of explosive atmospheres is not safely prevented, the likelihood that explosive atmospheres will occur based on their frequency and persistence, the likelihood that ignition sources will be present and become active and effective and the scale of the anticipated effects of explosions must be determined. The results of the risk assessment must be recorded in the form of an **explosion protection document**.



## Categories and zones

### Requirements from the ATEX directives to be fulfilled by manufacturer and user

Essential requirements to be fulfilled by the manufacturer according to 94/9/EC	Essential requirements to be fulfilled by the user according to 99/92/EC
Definition of the area for the use of equipment, specifications of equipment group II/category	Definition of zones in an installation; selection of the appropriate equipment
The equipment must comply with the essential safety and health requirements or the relevant standards	Compliance with the relevant requirements for installation, putting into service and maintenance
Category 1 Category 2 Category 3	Zone 0/20 Zone 1/21 Zone 2/22
Performance of a risk/ignition source assessment for the relevant equipment	Performance of a hazard analysis for the operating area; need for coordination
Compilation of a declaration of conformity	Compilation of an explosion protection document
Appropriate quality assurance	Regular updating

## Technical basis

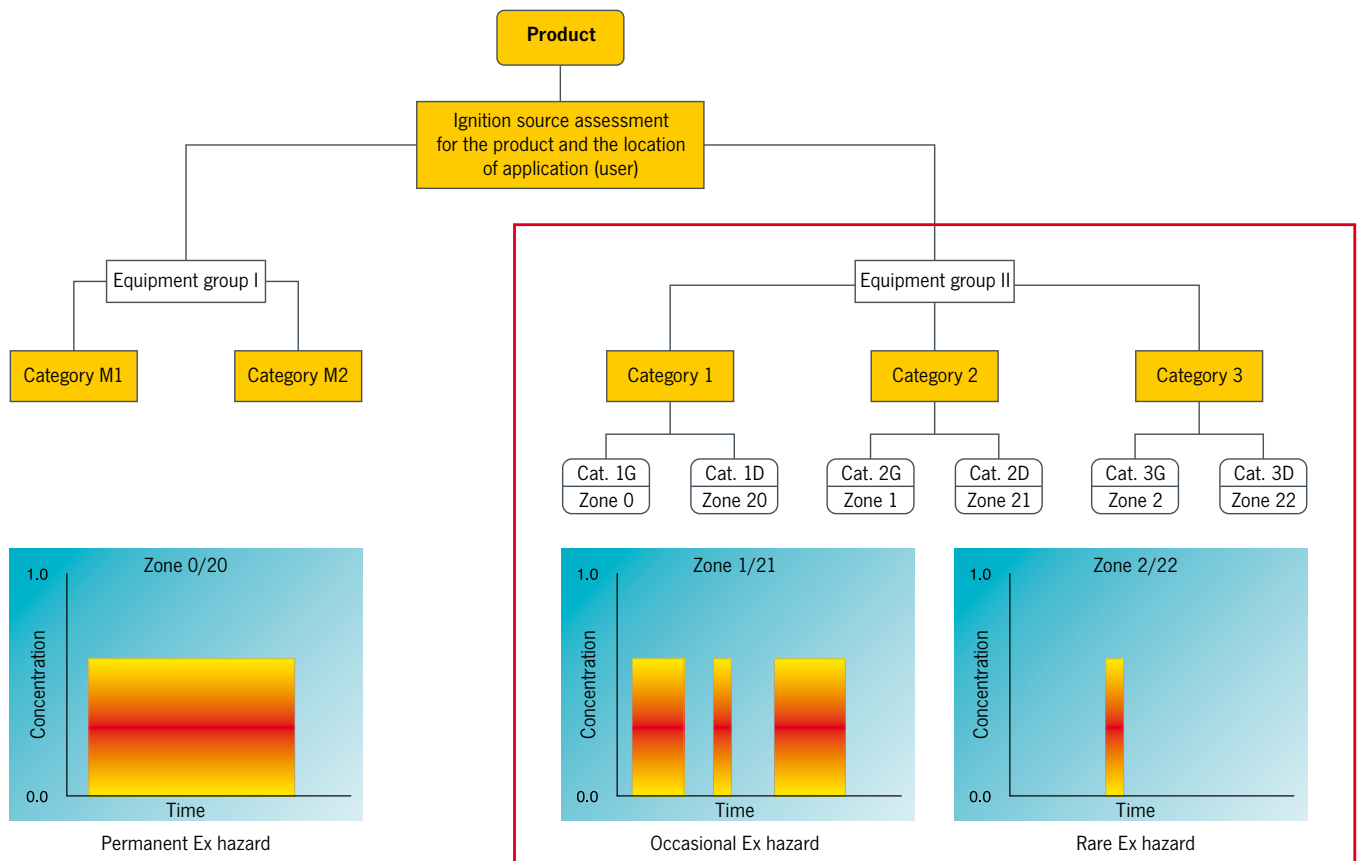
In Directive 94/9/EC, equipment for areas with an explosion hazard is assigned to groups, categories and temperature classes. This is necessary as the requirements for equipment need not be the same for every application and for every hazard classification.

### Equipment group I (mines, firedamp and combustible dusts)

Category M1	Category M2
Very high level of protection: Equipment must feature integrated explosion protection measures	High level of protection: Protection measures must ensure the required level of safety during normal operation also under arduous conditions and in particular heavy handling and under changing ambient conditions
The equipment must continue to operate in an explosive atmosphere even in the event of rare faults	It must be possible to switch off the equipment if an explosive atmosphere occurs

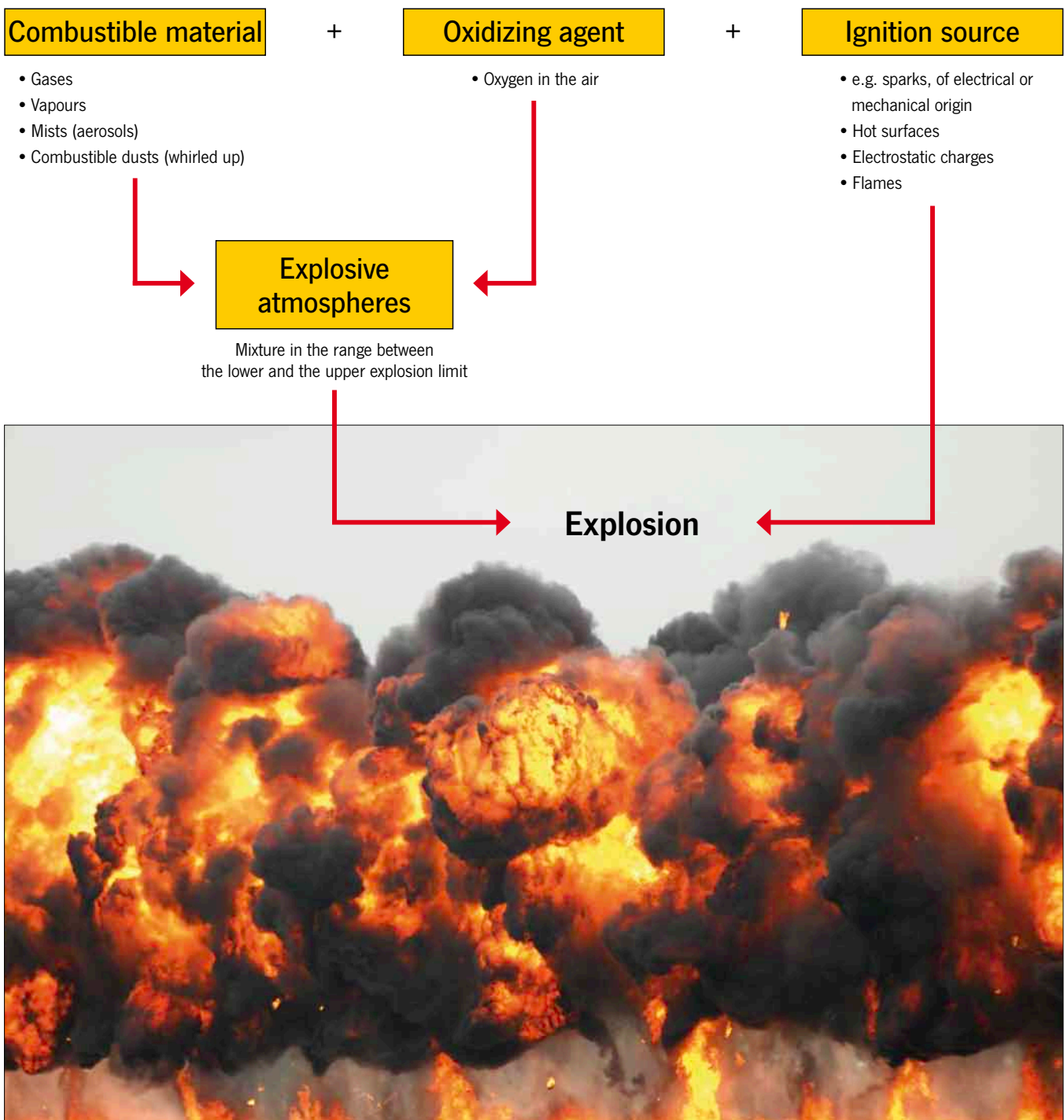
### Equipment group II (explosive atmospheres caused by mixtures of gas/air or dust/air, vapours or mists)

Category	Zone		Equipment safety	Explosive atmosphere
	G [Gas]	D [Dust]		
1	0	20	Equipment which ensures a very high level of safety.  In the event of rare equipment faults.	Intended for use in areas in which explosive atmospheres caused by mixtures of air and gases, vapours or mists or by air/dust mixtures are present <b>continuously, for long periods or frequently.</b>
2	1	21	Equipment which ensures a high level of safety.  If equipment faults are to be expected.	Intended for use in areas in which explosive atmospheres caused by mixtures of air and gases, vapours or mists or by air/dust mixtures are likely <b>to occur occasionally.</b>
3	2	22	Equipment which ensures a normal level of safety.  For normal operation	Intended for use in areas in which explosive atmospheres caused by gases, vapours or mists or whirled up dust are unlikely to occur or, if they do occur, are likely to do so only <b>infrequently and for a short period.</b>



## Preconditions for an explosion

Explosive atmospheres may occur wherever combustible gases, vapours, mists or dusts can form. These are mixtures which produce a chemical reaction when they meet the oxygen in the air; this reaction may trigger an explosion, even if only an extremely small spark occurs.



## Explosion limits

In order to prevent an explosion, the relevant key data of combustible substances must be observed.

Mixtures can only cause an explosive ignition within a specific range. This is defined by the lower and the upper explosion limit.

Explosion limits of selected gases and vapours

Substance designation	Explosion limits in air	
	Lower volumes %	Upper volumes %
Acetone	2.5	13.0
Benzol	1.2	8.0
Methane	5.0	15.0
City gas	4.0	30.0
Hydrogen	4.0	75.6

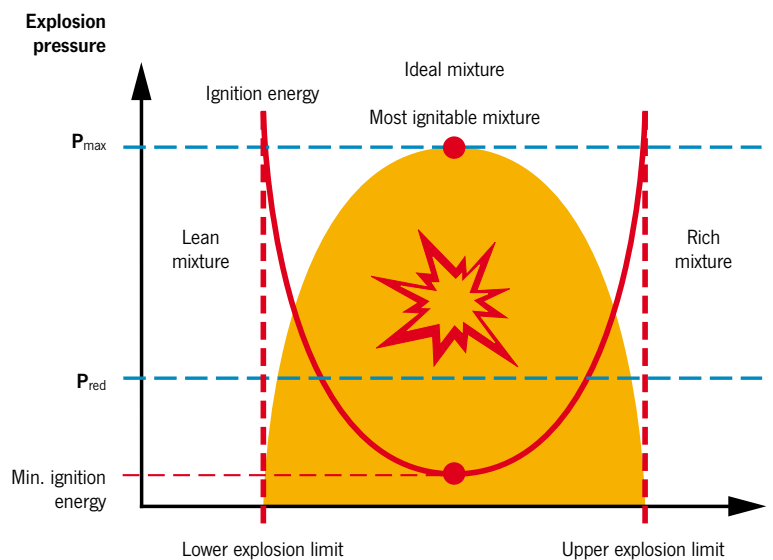
## Minimum ignition energy

The minimum ignition energy is an explosion related parameter.

It describes the ignition sensitivity compared to the discharge of static electricity.

Examples for minimum ignition energy

Substance designation	Min. ignition energy
Mustard seed oil	3.8 mJ
Methane	0.29 mJ
Ethylene	0.082 mJ
Hydrogen	0.017 mJ



Primary explosion protection	Secondary explosion protection	Tertiary explosion protection
Prevent the formation of potentially explosive atmospheres	Prevent the ignition of potentially explosive atmospheres	Restrict the effects of an explosion
Inerting*	Open flames	Explosion-pressure resistant design
Limit concentration under the lower explosion limit	Hot gases	Pressure compensation surfaces for buildings
	Hot surfaces	Explosion suppression
	Electrical sparks	
	Atmospheric discharge	

### \*Inerting substances

Inerting substances means their transformation or processing into slow-reacting (inert) substances. Inert substances are, for example, inert gases, glass and porcelain. In refuse dump systems, inerting is used, for example, to render hazardous waste substances harmless. Substances containing heavy metal, which are radioactive or otherwise detrimental, are, for example, often glazed in order to make it possible to finally dispose of them.

### Inerting rooms

Inerting rooms means to displace the oxygen contents in the air or potentially reactive or explosive gases or gas mixtures in rooms by adding inert gases or vapours. When inerting as a protection against fire and explosion (industry example: chemicals storage or production facilities), the oxygen contents in the air are displaced by adding inert gas (e.g. argon, nitrogen, carbon dioxide) in order to prevent an explosive atmosphere. In fire protection, this is also called "active fire prevention by permanent inerting".

## Temperature classes

The ignition temperature is the lowest temperature of a heated surface at which the gas/air or vapour/air mixture ignites. In other words, it represents the lowest temperature value at which a hot surface is capable of igniting the corresponding explosive atmosphere.

Thus the highest surface temperature of any equipment must always be less than the ignition temperature of the gas/air or vapour/air mixture.

### Temperature classes

Temperature classes	Permissible max. surface temperature of the equipment	Ignition temperature range of the mixtures
T1	450 °C	> 450 °C
T2	300 °C	> 300... ≤ 450 °C
T3	200 °C	> 200... ≤ 300 °C
T4	135 °C	> 135... ≤ 200 °C
T5	100 °C	> 100... ≤ 135 °C
T6	85 °C	> 85... ≤ 100 °C

## Explosion groups

Equipment of group II, for appropriate use in explosive gas atmospheres may also be classified by the type of explosive area.

### Explosion groups

Explosion group of the explosive atmosphere	Equipment with marking of the explosion group which may be used in these atmospheres
IIA	IIA, IIB, IIC
IIB	IIB, IIC
IIC	IIC

This classification is based on the Maximum Experimental Safe Gap (MESG) and the Minimum Ignition Current (MIC) of the gas mixture (see IEC 60079-12) or the explosion groups can also be used for classification of the equipment based on their inflammability.

### Explosion groups and maximum experimental safe gap

Explosion group	Maximum experimental safe gap
IIA	> 0.9 mm
IIB	≤ 0.9 - ≥ 0.5 mm
IIC	< 0.5 mm



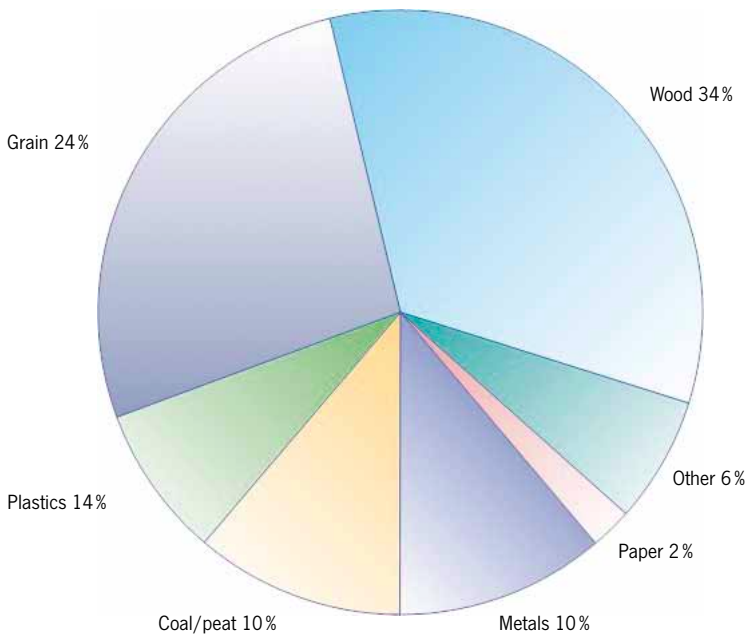
## Classification of combustible gases, vapours and mists

Explosion groups and temperature classes of some gases and vapours (selection)

### Classification of combustible gases, vapours, mists

Ex group	Temperature classes					
	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	Ignition temperature range of the mixtures					
	> 450 °C	> 300 ≤ 450 °C	> 200 ≤ 300 °C	>135 ≤ 200 °C	>100 ≤ 135 °C	>85 ≤ 100 °C
	Permissible max. surface temperature of the equipment					
	450 °C	300 °C	200 °C	135 °C	100 °C	85 °C
<b>IIA</b>	Acetone	Ethanol	Petrol (general)	Acetaldehyde		
	Ammonium	i-Amyl acetate	Diesel fuels			
	Benzene (pure)	n-Butane	Aircraft fuels			
	Acetic acid	n-Butanol	Fuel oil DIN 51603			
	Ethane	Cyclohexan	n-Hexane			
	Ethyl acetate	Acetic anhydride				
	Ethyl chloride					
	Carbon monoxide					
	Methane					
	Methanol					
	Methyl chloride					
	Naphthalene					
	Phenol					
	Propane					
	Toluene					
<b>IIB</b>	City gas	Ethylene	Ethylene glycol	Ethyl ether		
		Ethylene oxide	Hydrogen sulfide			
<b>IIC</b>	Hydrogen	Acetylene				Carbon disulphide





**Permissible equipment IP code by zones and type of dust**

Zone 20	Zone 21 Zone 22 electrically conductive dust	Zone 22
IP 6X	IP 6X	IP 5X
Marking II 1 D	Marking II 2 D	Marking II 3 D

**Dust-explosion protection**

Today, in many industries, powder or dust-like products are processed or are by-products of the production process.

The vast majority of all dust-like substances pose a danger of fire or – under certain conditions – even explosion. A dust layer of only 1 mm in a closed room is already sufficient to trigger an explosion when the dust is whirled up and ignited.

The graphic shows that many different industries are affected by the hazard of dust, ranging from the food-stuffs and wood-processing industries, paper and plastic material production to the pharmaceutical industry. Compared with gas explosions, dust explosions have a different process of propagation which may in some cases be much more devastating. If a gas/air mixture is ignited, the pressure of the resulting explosion causes the gas cloud to dissipate rapidly and thus finally dilutes the gas/air mixture to a concentration lower than that necessary for further combustion. If no further gas is added, the explosion is over after several milliseconds.

With combustible dusts it is different: If, for example, a draft of air whirls up a layer of dust, the dust, together with oxygen, forms a combustible dust/air mixture. If this mixture is ignited by an ignition source, an explosion is triggered.

The resulting blast wave whirls up further dust layers, which are in turn also ignited. This process continues, and, under adverse conditions, “chain reactions” such as these sweep through entire buildings or facilities and destroy them.

As is the case with gases, there are various ignition sources for dusts, such as sparks generated by electrical or mechanical processes, electric arcs, open flames, electrostatic discharges, electromagnetic waves and others.

**Definitions in dust explosion protection**

Term	Definition	Remarks
Explosive dust atmosphere	Mixture with air, under atmospheric conditions, of combustible substances in the form of dust or fibres in which, after ignition, combustion spreads throughout the entire unconsumed mixture. (DIN EN 50281-1-1,3,4)	The condition is that the process ends only after one reactant has been entirely consumed.
Atmospheric condition	Range of pressure between 0.8 and 1.1 bar Temperature range between -20 °C and +60 °C	
Hazardous explosive atmospheres	Explosive atmosphere in hazardous amount. The presence of a hazardous explosive atmosphere must be assumed if ignition causes an exothermal reaction that endangers persons, domestic animals and property	A thickness of a dust layer of less than 1 mm on the floor of a normal room is sufficient to fill it with a hazardous explosive atmosphere.

**Safety characteristics of dusts**

Characteristic	Definition/description	Remarks
Particle size	Dust with a particle size larger than 400 µm is not considered to be ignitable. Dust particles are ignitable when they measure less than 20 µm up to 400 µm.	Due to abrasion, the transportation and processing of coarse dust result in the formation of fine dust.
Explosion limits	For most dust/air mixtures of combustible substances the lower explosion limit is approx. 20... 60 g/m³ air and the upper explosion limit approx. 2... 6 kg/m³ air	In this case allocation of particle size, density, humidity as well as the ignition point is decisive.
Maximum explosion pressure	In enclosed containers of simple design, combustible dust can reach explosion pressures of 8... 10 bar.	For light metal dusts the explosion pressure can exceed this value.
KSt value	This is a classification value which expresses the shattering effect of the combustion. Numerically, it is equal to the value of the maximum rate of explosion pressure rise during the explosion of a dust/air mixture in a 1 m³ vessel.	This value is the basis for calculating explosion pressure relief surfaces.
Moisture	The moisture of a dust is a significant factor for its ignition and explosion behaviour. Currently it is only known that a higher moisture content requires a higher ignition energy and impedes the formation of dust swirls.	
Minimum ignition energy $E_{min}$	Lowest energy of an electrical spark which is sufficient to effect ignition of the critical (most easily ignitable explosive) dust/air mixture under defined framework conditions.	Not every spark is ignitable. The decisive factor is whether sufficient energy is introduced into the dust/air mixture to initiate a self-sustaining combustion of the entire mixture.
Ignition temperature $T_{ig}$	The lowest temperature of a hot inner wall (e. g. furnace) on which the dust/air mixture is ignited after brief contact. The surface temperature must not exceed 2/3 of the ignition temperature in °C of the relevant dust/air mixture, e. g. starch/milk powder/gelatine  Ignition temperature 390 °C x 2/3 = 260 °C max. permissible surface temperature $T_{max} \leq \frac{2}{3} T_{ig}$	
Smouldering temperature $T_{sm}$	The lowest temperature of a hot surface on which ignition occurs in a dust layer with a thickness of 5 mm. On surfaces where a dangerous deposit of ignitable dust is not effectively prevented, the surface temperature must not exceed the ignition temperature reduced by 75 K of the respective dust.  With layer thicknesses over 5 mm, a further reduction of the temperature of the surface is necessary: e. g. wood, grinding dust Ignition temperature 290 °C - 75 °C = 215 °C max. permissible surface temperature $T_{max} \leq T_{sm} - 75 K$	The smouldering temperature is usually well below the calculated ignition temperature of a dust cloud. The smouldering temperature decreases almost linearly with an increase in the layer thickness. For the acceptable surface temperatures safety clearances have to be adhered to.



### Explosion characteristics of dusts

Generally applicable values for dust-specific characteristics cannot be specified.

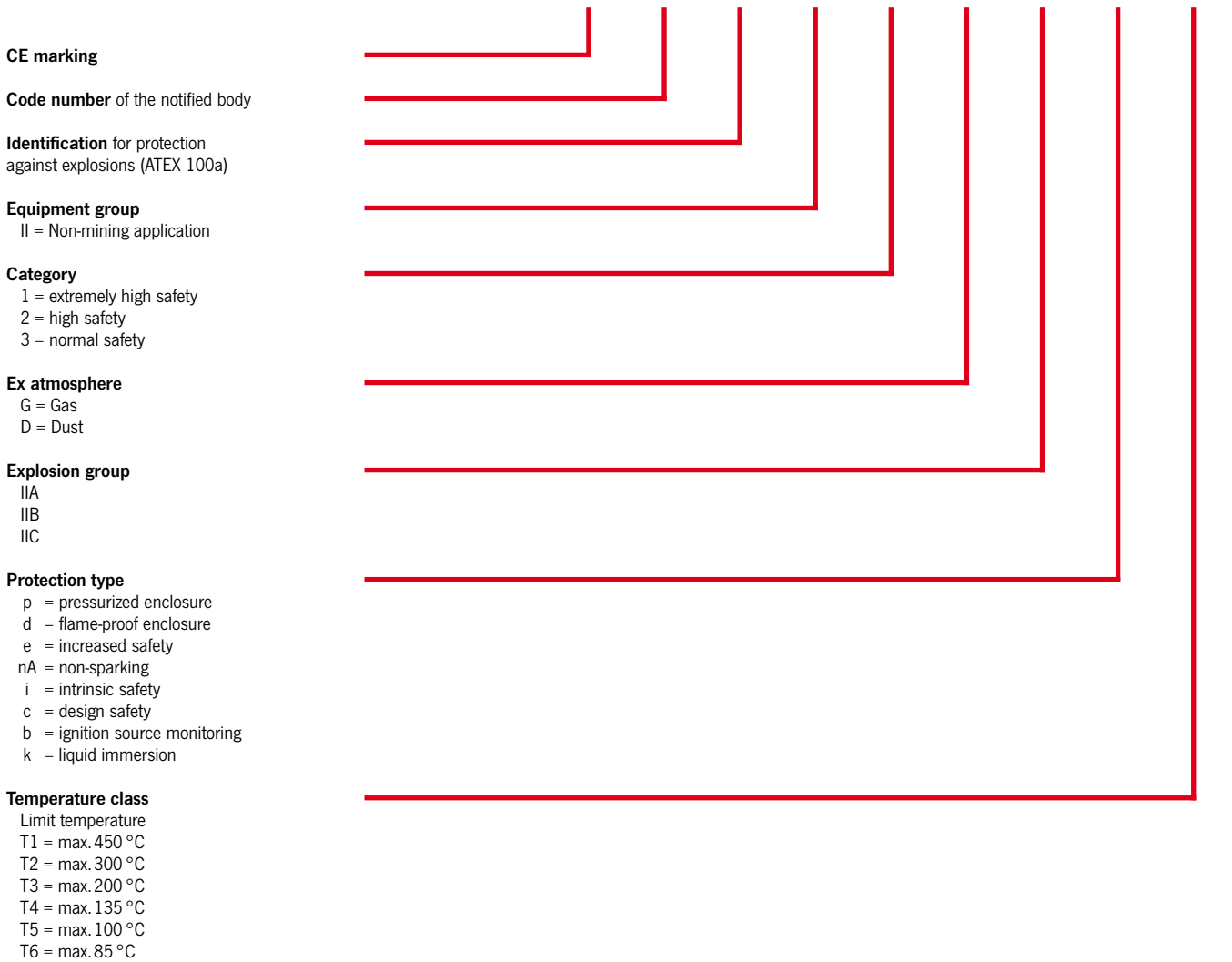
The table shows some limit values for selected products:

### Examples of explosion characteristics of dusts

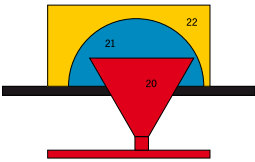
Substance	T <sub>ic</sub> [°C]	T <sub>il</sub> [°C]	ØE <sub>min</sub> [mJ]	min [mJ]
Wood	≥ 410	≥ 200	≥ 100	6
Lignite	≥ 380	≥ 225	-	5
Coal	≥ 500	≥ 240	≥ 1000	13
PVC	≥ 530	≥ 340	≥ 5	< 1
Aluminium	≥ 560	≥ 270	≥ 5	< 1
Sulphur	≥ 240	≥ 250	10	5
Lycopodium	≥ 410	-	-	-

### Marking key

Example	CE	123		II	2	G	IIB	d	T3
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**International comparison of zones in areas with an explosion hazard**

Country	Standard	Zone/division		
AS	AS 2430.2:1986	Class II		
GB	BS6467.2:1988	Z	Y	
DE	VDE 0165:1991	10	11	
USA	NEC 500-6: 2002	Div. 1		Div.2
EU	EN50281-3:2002	20	21	22
INT	IEC 61241-10:2004	20	21	22
EU	EN 61241-10:2005			
		Area in which an explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is present continuously, or for long periods or frequently.	Area in which an explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is likely to occur occasionally in normal operation.	Area in which during normal operation, it is not to be expected that an explosive atmosphere occurs in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in the air, if it does occur, however, only for a brief time.



## Protection classification

### Design

Protection classification

Pneumatic chain hoist model CPA ATEX 1-13 up to 10-9

Pneumatic chain hoist model CPA ATEX 20-8 up to 100-2

Hand chain hoist model Yalelift 360 ATEX

Hand chain hoist with integrated push or geared type trolley model Yalelift 360 IT ATEX

Hand chain hoist with integrated push or geared type trolley (low headroom) model Yalelift 360 LH ATEX

Push and geared type trolley model HTP/G ATEX

Ratchet lever hoist model UNOplus ATEX

Electric winch model BETA-EX





Sheave block for rope guidance model DSRBX S

Hand winch with load pressure brake model OMEGA-EX

Rack and pinion jack model ZWW-EX

Hand pallet truck, stainless steel version model HU 20-115 VATP ATEX PROLINE



	BASIC	MEDIUM	HIGH	SPECIAL
	 II 3 GD c IIB T4/ II 2 GD c IIA T4	 II 2 GD c (de) (ck) IIB T4	 II 2 GD c IIC T4	 I M2
	X	X on request		
	X	X	X	
	X	X	X	
	X	X	X	
	X	X	X	
	X		X	
	X only II 3 GD c IIB T4			X
		X (de)		
		X		
		X (ck)		
		X		
			X	



**!** Due to the use of stainless steel load chains for the **HIGH** design a reduction of the load capacity is necessary. Please see the table "technical data" for the appropriate values.

**BASIC**

- Load chain galvanic zinc-plated, stainless steel hand chain
- Trolleys with buffer
- Brake with cooling element (only for model Yalelift)

**MEDIUM**

- Load chain galvanic zinc-plated, stainless steel hand chain
- Top and load hook copper-plated
- Trolley equipped with buffers and bronze trolley wheels
- Brake with cooling element (only for model Yalelift)

**HIGH**

- Stainless steel load and hand chain
- Load and top hook copper-plated
- Trolley equipped with buffers and bronze trolley wheels
- Brake with cooling element (only for model Yalelift)
- Conductive load rollers (only hand pallet truck)

**SPECIAL**

- Only for mining industry



## Pneumatic chain hoist model CPA ATEX

Capacity 125 - 980 kg

Pneumatic chain hoists are characterized by high durability in a great number of industrial applications. The robust housing allows an easy transport.

### Features


- Designed for operating pressures of 5 to 7 bar.
- Rotating piston motor with 100% duty rating and an unlimited number of starts for continuous operation.
- Integrated limit switches for highest and lowest hook position as standard.
- Self-adjusting automatic disc brake, maintenance-free.
- Extremely sensitive control with emergency-stop for a precise positioning of the load.
- Air release for brake as standard for models CPA 2-31, CPA 5-17 and CPA 10-9


### Options

- Manual and powered trolleys with shackle to fit top hook suspended pneumatic chain hoists.
- All models available with push or geared trolley.
- Models CPA 2-31, CPA 5-17 and CPA 10-9 with pneumatic trolley on request.
- Models CPA 2-31, CPA 5-17 and CPA 10-9 also available for operation in hazardous areas, category 2 (Zone 1/21).
- Models CPA 2-31, CPA 5-17 and CPA 10-9 also available with chain control.
- Maintenance unit for main air supply pipe (pressure regulator, manometer, lubricator and support).
- Chain container

### Applications

Automobile and aircraft industries, shipyards, on ships and docks. Foundries, on-/offshore, paint factories and paint shops, refineries, oil depots, galvanizing. Printing, textile and food industries, pulp, paper and cement mills. Glass and ceramic industries, wood working industries, chemical industries, heat treatment and power plants etc.

 Also suitable for operation with nitrogen.

 To ensure faultless operation the compressed air supply must be filtered and oiled!

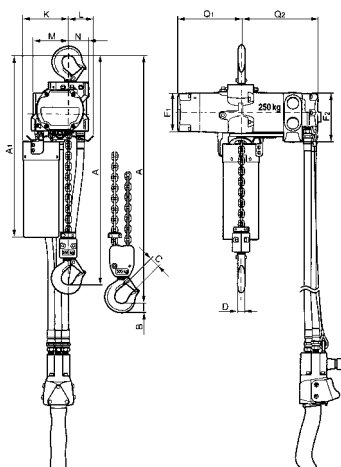
**Technical data model CPA ATEX**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Lifting speed with rated load* m/min.	Lifting speed without load* m/min.	Lowering speed with rated load* m/min.	Air consumption with rated load* m <sup>3</sup> /min.	Hoist motor  kW	Weight at 3 m lift  kg
CPA ATEX 1-13	*911795	125/1	13.1	17.1	11.3	0.9	0.4	15.4
CPA ATEX 2-10	*911788	250/1	9.8	17.1	13.7	0.9	0.4	15.4
CPA ATEX 2-31	*911801	250/1	31.0	52.0	36.0	1.98	1.33	21.8
CPA ATEX 5-5	*911818	500/2	4.6	7.9	6.7	0.9	0.4	17.2
CPA ATEX 5-17	*911825	500/1	16.8	32.3	29.6	1.27	1.33	21.8
CPA ATEX 10-9	*911832	980/2	8.5	16.2	14.9	1.27	1.33	27.7

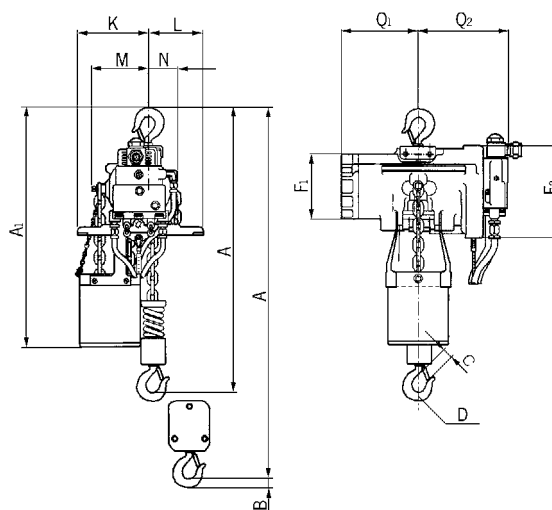
\*Values for 6.3 bar (flow pressure) and 2 m control drop. Speeds will be reduced in case of longer control length.  
Model CPA 1-13, CPA 2-10 and CPA 5-5 max. hose length 12 m, model CPA 2-31, CPA 5-17 and CPA 10-9 max. hose length 20 m.

**Dimensions model CPA ATEX**

Model	CPA ATEX 1-13	CPA ATEX 2-10	CPA ATEX 2-31	CPA ATEX 5-5	CPA ATEX 5-17	CPA ATEX 10-9
A, mm	292	292	457	324	457	457
A1, mm	410	410	483	410	483	508
B, mm	21	21	25	14	25	27
C, mm	20	20	24	24	24	28
D, mm	16	16	26	14	26	28
F1, mm	90	90	130	90	130	130
F2, mm	120	120	180	120	180	180
K, mm	103	103	146	103	146	165
L, mm	57	57	102	57	102	83
M, mm	120	120	114	120	114	135
N, mm	50	50	54	50	54	25
Q1, mm	142	142	162	142	162	162
Q2, mm	183	183	181	183	181	181



Model CPA ATEX 1-13 / 2-10 / 5-5



Model CPA ATEX 2-31 / 5-17 / 10-9



Image shows BASIC design

Image shows MEDIUM design incl. rope control

## Pneumatic chain hoist with suspension hook or with integrated trolley model CPA ATEX

Capacity 2000 - 10000 kg

With 100 % duty rating and an unlimited number of starts the model CPA is suitable for heavy duty applications. It is insusceptible to contamination, humidity and aggressive mediums from the outside. The hoists are composed of three main components which makes service easy and inexpensive.

### Features

- Designed for operating pressures of 4 to 6 bar.
- Robust rotating piston motor has an adjustable spring pressure brake that holds the load secure even in the event of an air failure.
- The standard, oil bath lubricated planetary gearbox is particularly smooth running and enables a low overall height.
- High starting torque due to switching valves in the motor body.
- Low noise emission due to large dimension silencer.
- Sensitive control by means of 2 resp. 4 button pendant control with emergency stop.
- The assembly of component parts result in a low overall height (up to 3000 kg only one chain fall).
- The 5-pocket load chain sheave, manufactured from wear resistant case hardening steel, is matched perfectly to the load chain to guarantee smooth and precise chain motion.
- Drop forged suspension and load hooks are made from non-aging, high tensile steel and fitted with robust safety latches.
- The standard case hardened and zinc-plated link chain is matched perfectly to the load chain to guarantee smooth and precise chain motion.
- All requirements of national and international standards and regulations are fulfilled.
- Copper-coated suspension and load hooks for MEDIUM design or higher.
- Stainless steel load chain for HIGH design.

### Options

- Trolley for suspension hook version or integrated trolleys for all three designs (BASIC, MEDIUM, HIGH).
- Rope control
- Limit switch
- Chain container

**To ensure faultless operation the compressed air supply must be filtered and oiled!**

**Technical data model CPA ATEX BASIC II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Lifting speed with rated load*	Lifting speed without load*	Lowering speed with rated load*	Hoist motor	Weight** suspension hook	Weight** push trolley	Weight** geared trolley	Weight** pneumatic trolley
			m/min	m/min	m/min	kW	kg	kg	kg	kg
CPA ATEX 20-8	*377942	2000/1	7.4	9.9	11.0	2.6	121	184	188	199
CPA ATEX 30-6	*377959	3000/1	6.0	9.9	13.0	3.2	121	184	188	199
CPA ATEX 40-4	*377966	4000/2	3.7	5.0	5.5	2.6	140	202	206	218
CPA ATEX 50-3	*377973	5000/2	3.4	5.0	6.0	3.0	140	202	206	218
CPA ATEX 75-2	*377980	7500/3	2.0	3.3	4.3	3.2	-	-	-	-
CPA ATEX 100-3	*377997	10000/4	3.4	5.0	6.0	2 x 3.0	-	-	-	-

**Technical data model CPA ATEX MEDIUM II 2 GD c IIB T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Lifting speed with rated load*	Lifting speed without load*	Lowering speed with rated load*	Hoist motor	Weight** suspension hook	Weight** push trolley	Weight** geared trolley	Weight** pneumatic trolley
			m/min	m/min	m/min	kW	kg	kg	kg	kg
CPA ATEX 20-8	*393690	2000/1	7.4	9.9	11.0	2.6	121	184	188	199
CPA ATEX 30-6	*409438	3000/1	6.0	9.9	13.0	3.2	121	184	188	199
CPA ATEX 40-4	*409469	4000/2	3.7	5.0	5.5	2.6	140	202	206	218
CPA ATEX 50-3	*409483	5000/2	3.4	5.0	6.0	3.0	140	202	206	218
CPA ATEX 75-2	*410175	7500/3	2.0	3.3	4.3	3.2	-	-	-	-
CPA ATEX 100-3	*409520	10000/4	3.4	5.0	6.0	2 x 3.0	-	-	-	-

**Technical data model CPA ATEX HIGH II 2 GD c IIC T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Lifting speed with rated load*	Lifting speed without load*	Lowering speed with rated load*	Hoist motor	Weight** suspension hook	Weight** push trolley	Weight** geared trolley	Weight** pneumatic trolley
			m/min	m/min	m/min	kW	kg	kg	kg	kg
CPA ATEX 20-8	*409872	2000/1	7.4	9.9	11.0	2.6	121	184	188	199
CPA ATEX 40-4	*409995	4000/2	3.7	5.0	5.5	2.6	140	202	206	218
CPA ATEX 75-2	*410045	6000/3	2.0	3.3	4.3	3.2	-	-	-	-
CPA ATEX 100-3	*409926	8000/4	3.4	5.0	6.0	2 x 3.0	-	-	-	-

\*Values for 6 bar (flow pressure), air consumption with rated load 4.7 m<sup>3</sup>/min. For CPA 100-2: 9.4 m<sup>3</sup>/min.

\*\*Weight for standard 3 m lift. Other lifting heights on request.

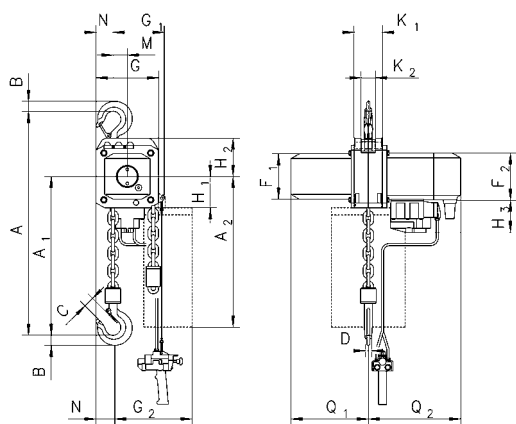
\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.

**Technical data trolleys**

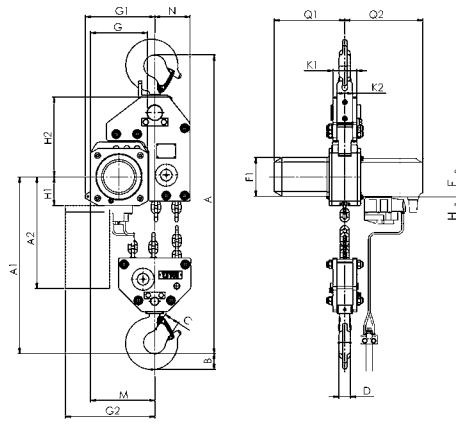
Capacity	Size	Beam flange width b	Beam flange thickness t max.	Curve radius min.	Pneumatic trolley travel speed	Pneumatic trolley motor
kg		mm	mm	m	m/min	kW
2000 - 6000	A	98 - 180	27	2.0	18	0.55
2000 - 6000	B	180 - 300	27	1.8	18	0.55
7500 - 10000	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	-	-

## Dimensions model CPA ATEX

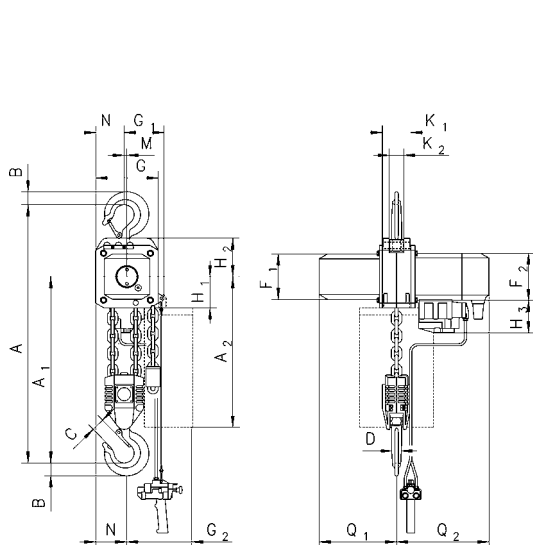
Model	CPA ATEX 20-8	CPA ATEX 30-6	CPA ATEX 40-4	CPA ATEX 50-3	CPA ATEX 75-2	CPA ATEX 100-3
A, mm	516	516	681	681	950	1068
A1, mm	286	286	428	428	479	651
B, mm	35	35	45	45	60	60
C, mm	37	37	46	46	52	52
D, mm	24	24	30	30	40/45	40/45
F1, mm	160	160	160	160	160	160
F2, mm	165	165	165	165	165	165
G, mm	220	220	220	220	220	581
G1, mm	180	180	140	140	268	311
G2 (13 m), mm	258	258	218	218	-	-
G2 (21 m), mm	278	278	238	238	345	408
H1, mm	110	110	110	110	110	110
H2, mm	135	135	135	135	307	256
H3, mm	115	115	115	115	115	115
K1, mm	100	100	100	100	92	92
K2, mm	51	51	51	51	62	62
M, mm	50	50	9.6	9.6	139	181
N, mm	60	60	100	100	136	291
Q1, mm	272	272	272	272	272	272
Q2, mm	325	325	325	325	325	325



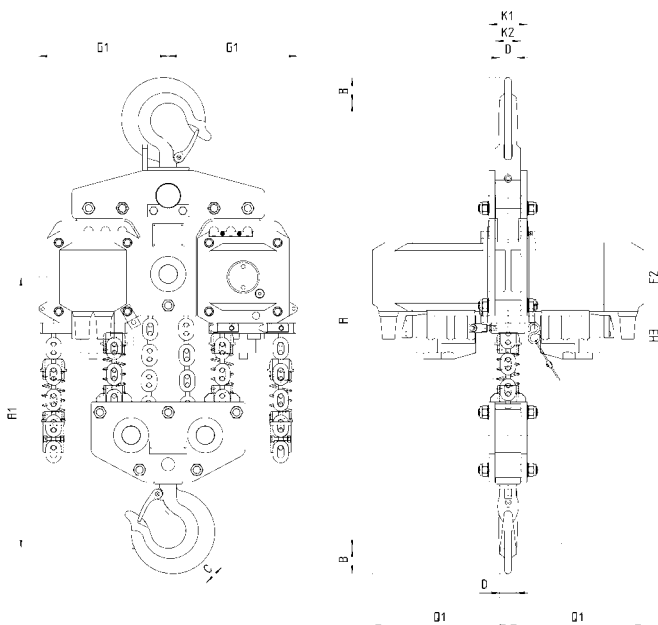
Model CPA ATEX with suspension hook, 2000 - 3000 kg, single fall



Model CPA ATEX with suspension hook, 7500 kg, three fall



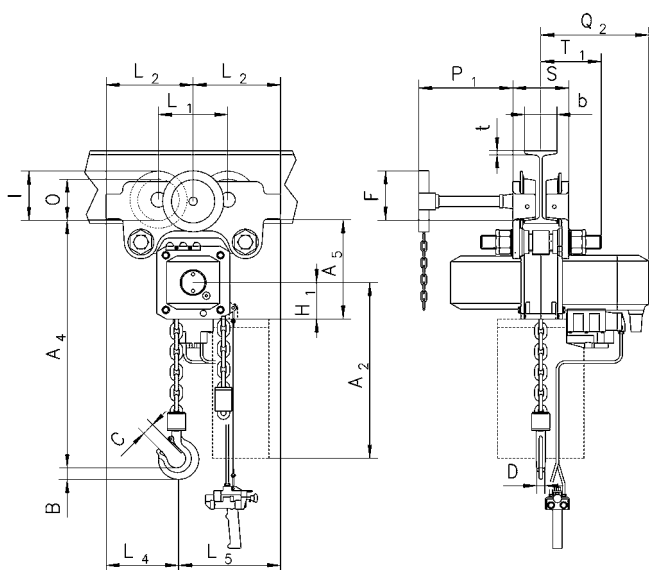
Model CPA ATEX with suspension hook, 4000 - 5000 kg, double fall



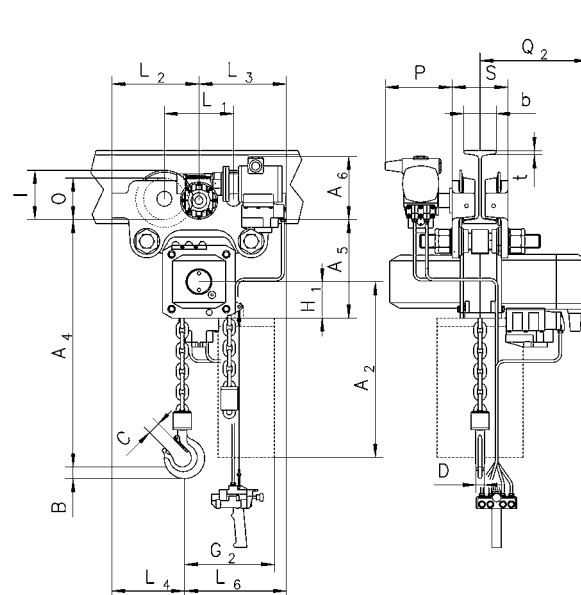
Model CPA ATEX with suspension hook, 10000 kg, four fall

Dimensions model CPA ATEX

Model	CPA ATEX 20-8	CPA ATEX 30-6	CPA ATEX 40-4	CPA ATEX 50-3	CPA ATEX 75-2	CPA ATEX 100-3
A2 (13 m), mm	430	430	430	430	-	-
A2 (21 m), mm	530	530	530	530	530	530
A4, mm	465	465	615	615	855	965
A5, mm	298	298	298	298	477	425
A6, mm	190	190	190	190	182	182
b, mm	A = 98 - 180/ B = 180 - 300	A = 98 - 180/ B = 180 - 300	A = 98 - 180/ B = 180 - 300	A = 98 - 180/ B = 180 - 300	125 - 310	125 - 310
F, mm	150	150	150	150	113	113
l, mm	142.5	142.5	142.5	142.5	130	130
L1, mm	209	209	209	209	200	200
L2, mm	262.5	262.5	262.5	262.5	215	215
L3, mm	265	265	265	265	265	265
L4, mm	213	213	253	253	291	291
L5, mm	312	312	272	272	-	-
L6, mm	315	315	275	275	-	-
O, mm	125	125	125	125	150	150
P, mm	208	208	208	208	208	208
P1, mm	284	284	284	284	284	284
S, mm	b + 70	b + 70	b + 70	b + 70	b + 98	b + 98
t, mm	27	27	27	27	40	40
T1 size A	182	182	182	182	-	-
T1 size B	242	242	242	242	270	270



Model CPA ATEX with integrated manual push or geared trolley




Model CPA ATEX with integrated pneumatic trolley



*Patented!  
Rotating  
hand chain  
guide!*

Image shows  
MEDIUM design

 **Easy modification from Yalelift 360 ATEX to Yalelift IT ATEX is possible.**

## Hand chain hoist model Yalelift 360 ATEX

Capacity 500 - 20000 kg

The hand chain hoist model Yalelift 360 ATEX once again proves its worth in an environment that far exceeds the requirements of a classical hand chain hoist. On the basis of the European Directive 94/9/EG this model series has been further developed for the use in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX zones).

### Features

- The enclosed robust stamped steel housing protects all internal components even in the toughest conditions.
- The extremely low headroom allows maximum use of the lifting height.
- The revolutionary 360° rotating hand chain guide allows the operator to work from virtually any position, in confined spaces or above the load. The Yalelift can even be operated from the side of the load which also makes it possible to use the hoist for horizontal pulling or tensioning. Due to the additional flexibility, the operator is no longer forced to work in the danger zone near the load.
- The brake system is extremely quiet and guarantees operational safety and improved serviceability due to omission of the vulnerable ratchet pawls. All parts are made of high quality materials, additionally zinc-plated or yellow-chromated to increase corrosion prevention.
- Chain guide and gearbox are almost totally enclosed. Even under the toughest conditions the internal gearbox remains protected.
- The hardened load sheave with four precision machined pockets ensures accurate movement of the load chain.
- The surface protected zinc-plated alloy steel load chains fulfil all requirements of current national and international standards and regulations. They are matched perfectly to the load chain sheave and guarantee smooth and precise chain motion.
- Drop forged load and suspension hooks that yield under overload instead of breaking, are made of high tensile steel. The hooks are fitted with robust safety latches and rotate 360°.
- Explosion protected version with spark resistant coating.
- Copper-coated suspension and load hooks for MEDIUM design or higher.
- Stainless steel load chain for HIGH design.

### Options

- Adjustable overload prevention device
- Chain container

**Technical data model Yalelift 360 ATEX BASIC II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Chain dimensions d x p mm	Load chain grade	Hand chain overhaul for 1 m lift m	Pull on hand chain at WLL daN	Weight at standard lift (3 m) kg
YL ATEX 500	*194969	500/1	5x15	T	30	21	9
YL ATEX 1000	*198196	1000/1	6x18	T	49	30	13
YL ATEX 2000	*199872	2000/1	8x24	T	71	32	20
YL ATEX 3000	*210522	3000/1	10x30	T	87	38	29
YL ATEX 5000	*218672	5000/2	10x30	T	174	34	38
YL ATEX 10000	*224611	10000/3	10x30	V	261	44	71
YL ATEX 20000	*225625	20000/6	10x30	V	522	2x44	196

**Technical data model Yalelift 360 ATEX MEDIUM II 2 GD c IIB T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Chain dimensions d x p mm	Load chain grade	Hand chain overhaul for 1 m lift m	Pull on hand chain at WLL daN	Weight at standard lift (3 m) kg
YL ATEX 500	*206365	500/1	5x15	T	30	21	9
YL ATEX 1000	*206419	1000/1	6x18	T	49	30	13
YL ATEX 2000	*206426	2000/1	8x24	T	71	32	20
YL ATEX 3000	*206440	3000/1	10x30	T	87	38	29
YL ATEX 5000	*206464	5000/2	10x30	T	174	34	38
YL ATEX 10000	*239547	10000/3	10x30	V	261	44	71
YL ATEX 20000	*251846	20000/6	10x30	V	522	2x44	196

**Technical data model Yalelift 360 ATEX HIGH II 2 GD c IIC T4**

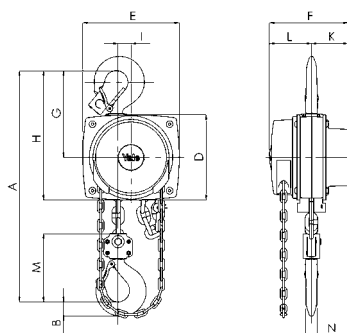
Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Chain dimensions d x p mm	Load chain grade	Hand chain overhaul for 1 m lift m	Pull on hand chain at WLL daN	Weight at standard lift (3 m) kg
YL ATEX 500	*929806	500/1	5x15	S	30	21	9
YL ATEX 1000	*929790	900/1	6x18	S	49	30	13
YL ATEX 2000	*929783	1250/1	8x24	P	71	32	20
YL ATEX 3000	*929776	2000/1	10x30	P	87	38	29
YL ATEX 5000	*929769	4000/2	10x30	P	174	34	38
YL ATEX 10000	*929752	6000/3	10x30	P	261	44	71
YL ATEX 20000	*929745	12000/6	10x30	P	522	2x44	196

\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.

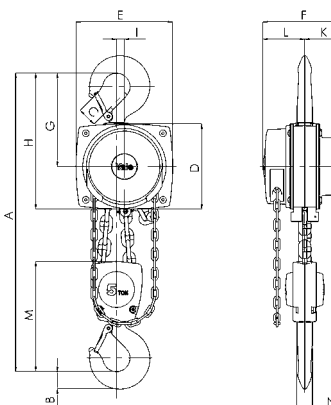


**Dimensions model Yalelift 360 ATEX**

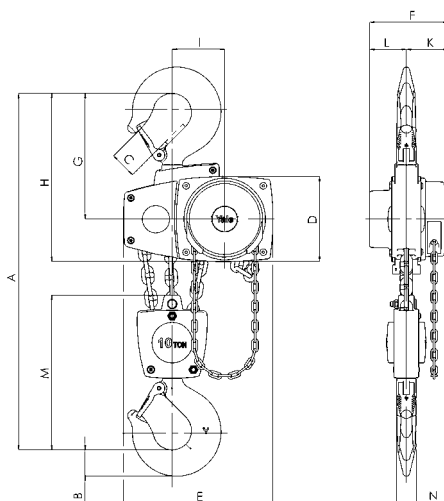
Model	YL 500	YL 1000	YL 2000	YL 3000	YL 5000	YL 10000	YL 20000
A min., mm	300	335	395	520	654	825	1010
B, mm	17	22	30	38	45	68	85
C, mm	24	29	35	40	47	68	64
D, mm	133	156	182	220	220	220	303
E, mm	148	175	203	250	250	383	555
F, mm	148	167	194	219	219	219	250
G, mm	139	164	192	225	242	326	391
H, mm	206	242	283	335	352	436	501
I, mm	24	24	31	34	21	136	-
K, mm	61	70	83	95	95	95	396
L, mm	87	97	111	124	124	124	125
M, mm	110	125	156	178	285	401	471
N, mm	14	19	22	30	37	50	56



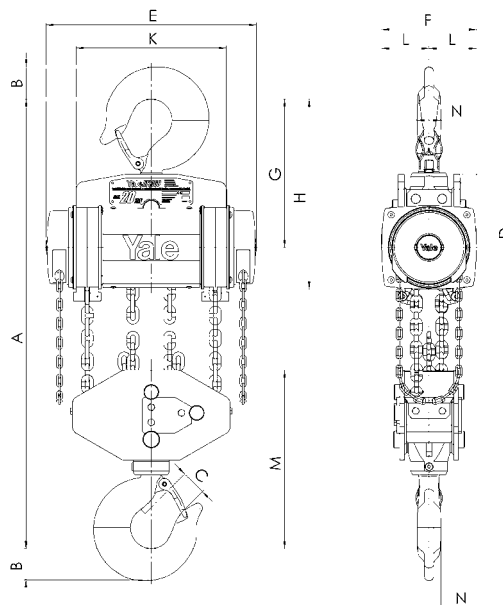
Model Yalelift 360 ATEX, 500 - 3000 kg, single fall



Model Yalelift 360 ATEX, 5000 kg, double fall



Model Yalelift 360 ATEX, 10000 kg, three fall



Model Yalelift 360 ATEX, 20000 kg, six fall





Image shows  
HIGH design

## Hand chain hoist with integrated push or geared type trolley model Yalelift IT ATEX

Capacity 500 - 20000 kg

The combination of the Yalelift 360 with a low headroom manual trolley provides even more flexibility in the application of the Yalelift 360.

### Features

- All units of this series up to a capacity of 3000 kg are provided with single chain fall and the min. headroom (Dim. A) has been further reduced. Ideal for applications with low ceilings and limited headroom.
- The proven and almost stepless adjustment system allows quick and easy assembly of the trolley.
- Trolleys up to 5 t are offered for two beam ranges. Range A for a flange width up to 180 mm is standard and covers approx. 80 % of all requirements. Conversion to range B for beam width up to 300 mm can be easily accomplished.
- The trolley wheels (only for MEDIUM and HIGH design) are designed for a max. beam profile incline of 14 % (DIN 1025-1), excellent rolling features are guaranteed by prelubricated, encapsulated ball bearings.
- Anti-drop and anti-tilt devices as standard.
- Explosion protected version with spark resistant coating.
- Trolleys equipped with rubber buffers.
- Copper-coated load hooks for MEDIUM design or higher.
- Stainless steel load chain for HIGH design.

### Options

- Adjustable overload prevention device
- Chain container
- Beam locking device to secure the unloaded trolley in a fixed position on the beam (park position e.g. on ships).

Technical data model Yalelift ITP ATEX BASIC with integrated push type trolley II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITP ATEX 500	*237253	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	20	26
YLITP ATEX 1000	*237864	1000/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	27	35
YLITP ATEX 2000	*243131	2000/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	44	52

Technical data model Yalelift ITP ATEX MEDIUM with integrated push type trolley II 2 GD c IIB T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITP ATEX 500	*205177	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	20	26
YLITP ATEX 1000	*205382	1000/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	27	35
YLITP ATEX 2000	*206310	2000/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	44	52

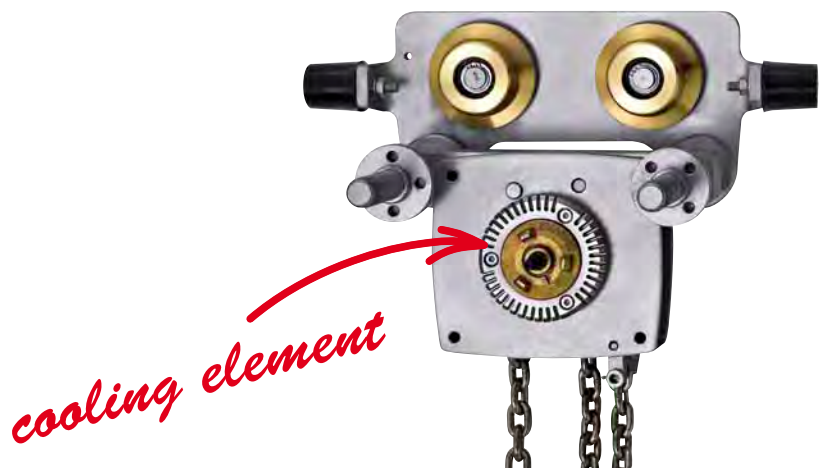
Technical data model Yalelift ITP ATEX HIGH with integrated push type trolley II 2 GD c IIC T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITP ATEX 500	*257688	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	20	26
YLITP ATEX 1000	*257787	900/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	27	35
YLITP ATEX 2000	*258760	1250/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	44	52

\*Size B on request

\*\*Weight for standard 3 m lift. Other lifting heights available.

\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.



**!** Yale hoists and trolleys are not designed for passenger elevation applications and must not be used for this purpose.

**Technical data model Yalelift ITG ATEX BASIC with integrated geared type trolley II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITG ATEX 500	*253055	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	24	31
YLITG ATEX 1000	*929844	1000/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	32	40
YLITG ATEX 2000	*929837	2000/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	49	57
YLITG ATEX 3000	*929820	3000/1	A	74 - 180	27	1.5	82	91
YLITG ATEX 5000	*929813	5000/2	A	98 - 180	27	2.0	130	140
YLITG ATEX 10000	*941112	10000/3	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	on request	on request
YLITG ATEX 20000	*941556	20000/6	B	180 - 310	40	5.0	on request	on request

**Technical data model Yalelift ITG ATEX MEDIUM with integrated geared type trolley II 2 GD c IIB T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITG ATEX 500	*206334	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	24	31
YLITG ATEX 1000	*206341	1000/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	32	40
YLITG ATEX 2000	*206358	2000/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	49	57
YLITG ATEX 3000	*206549	3000/1	A	74 - 180	27	1.5	82	91
YLITG ATEX 5000	*206563	5000/2	A	98 - 180	27	2.0	130	140
YLITG ATEX 10000	*520072	10000/3	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	on request	on request
YLITG ATEX 20000	*419765	20000/6	B	180 - 310	40	5.0	on request	on request

**Technical data model Yalelift ITG ATEX HIGH with integrated geared type trolley II 2 GD c IIC T4**

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLITG ATEX 500	*273626	500/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	24	31
YLITG ATEX 1000	*273633	900/1	A	50 - 180	19	0.9	32	40
YLITG ATEX 2000	*273640	1250/1	A	58 - 180	19	1.15	49	57
YLITG ATEX 3000	*273657	2000/1	A	74 - 180	27	1.5	82	91
YLITG ATEX 5000	*273664	4000/2	A	98 - 180	27	2.0	130	140
YLITG ATEX 10000	*941938	6000/3	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	on request	on request
YLITG ATEX 20000	*941945	12000/6	B	180 - 310	40	5.0	on request	on request

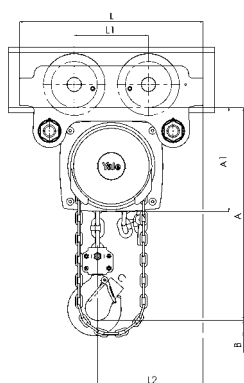
\*Size B on request

\*\*Weight for standard 3 m lift. Other lifting heights available.

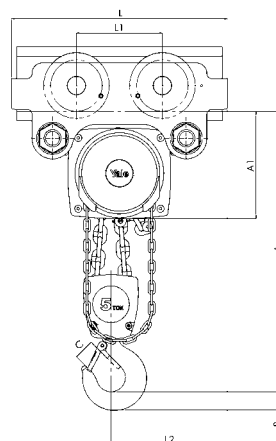
\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.

Dimensions model Yalelift IT ATEX

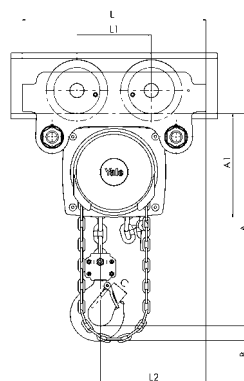
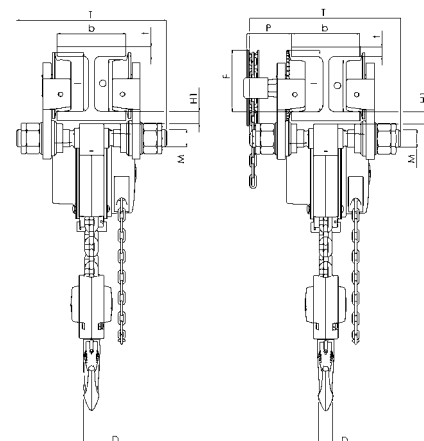
Model	YLIT ATEX 500	YLIT ATEX 1000	YLIT ATEX 2000	YLIT ATEX 3000	YLIT ATEX 5000	YLIT ATEX 10000
A min., mm	245	272	323	382	550	784
A1, mm	158	178	205.5	252	260.5	380
A2, mm	-	-	-	-	-	-
B, mm	17	22	30	38	45	68
C, mm	24	29	35	40	47	68
D, mm	14	19	22	30	37	50
F (Geared trolley), mm	92	92	91	107	149.5	113
H1, mm	24.5	24	23.5	32	30.5	55
I (Pushed trolley), mm	71.5	71.5	95.5	131	142.5	169
I (Geared trolley), mm	76.5	76.5	98	132.5	148.5	169
L, mm	270	310	360	445	525	430
L1, mm	130	130	150	180	209	200
L2, mm	159	175	207	256	283	261
M, mm	M 18	M 22	M 27	M 30	M 42	M 48
O, mm	60	60	80	112	125	150
P (Geared trolley), mm	108	110	112	112	117	158
T (Area A), mm	280	290	305	320	364	-
T (Area B), mm	400	410	425	440	484	540



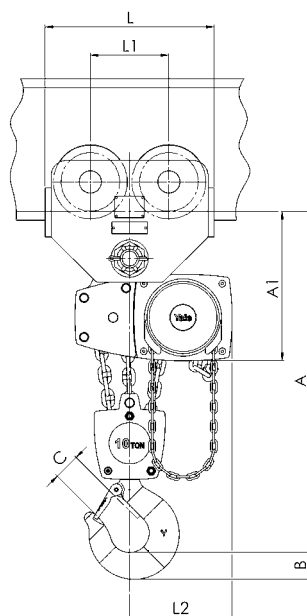
Model Yalelift ITP ATEX, 500 - 3000 kg, single fall



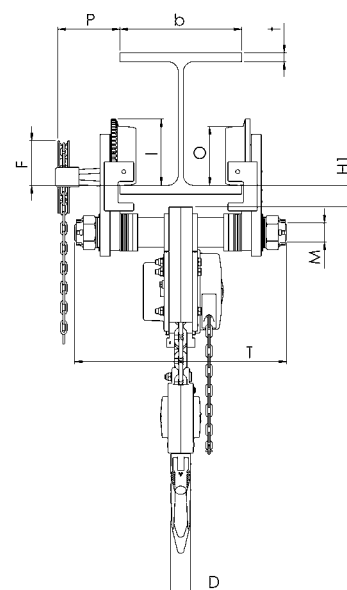
Model Yalelift ITP/ITG ATEX, 5000 kg, double fall



Model Yalelift ITG ATEX, 500 - 3000 kg, single fall



Model Yalelift ITG ATEX, 10000 kg, three fall





*with extremely low headroom*

Image shows HIGH design

## Hand chain hoist with integrated push or geared type trolley (low headroom) model Yalelift LH ATEX

Capacity 500 - 10000 kg

The hand chain hoist model Yalelift LH with integrated low headroom manual trolley is the consequent further development of the Yalelift IT. Wherever an even smaller headroom is essential, the Yalelift LH is the ideal choice.

### Features

- The specially developed chain reeving system and chain guide allow the bottom block to be pulled laterally to the hoist even further up and almost against the beam flange.
- The integrated design of the innovative Yalelift LH uses the same manual trolleys as incorporated in the Yalelift IT series.
- All models of the LH series up to 3000 kg capacity are provided with single chain fall.
- The proven and almost stepless adjustment system allows quick and easy assembly of the trolley.
- The trolleys up to 5 t are offered for two beam ranges. Range A for a flange width up to 180 mm is standard and covers approx. 80% of all requirements. Conversion to range B for beam width up to 300 mm can be easily accomplished.
- The trolley wheels (only for MEDIUM and HIGH design) are designed for a max. beam profile incline of 14% (DIN 1025-1), excellent rolling features are guaranteed by prelubricated, encapsulated ball bearings.
- The low headroom version of the Yalelift IT is adjustable to fit a wide range of beam profiles (e.g. INP, IPE, IPB).
- Anti-drop and anti-tilt devices as standard.
- Explosion protected version with spark resistant coating.
- Trolleys equipped with rubber buffers.
- Copper-coated load hooks for MEDIUM design or higher.
- Stainless steel load chain for HIGH design.

### Options

- Adjustable overload prevention device
- Chain container
- Beam locking device to secure the unloaded trolley in a fixed position on the beam (park position e.g. on ships).

## Technical data model Yalelift LHP ATEX BASIC with integrated push type trolley II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHP ATEX 500	*377522	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	27	33
YLLHP ATEX 1000	*377539	1000/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	35	43
YLLHP ATEX 2000	*377546	2000/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	61	69

## Technical data model Yalelift LHP ATEX MEDIUM with integrated push type trolley II 2 GD c IIB T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHP ATEX 500	*592291	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	27	33
YLLHP ATEX 1000	*592314	1000/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	35	43
YLLHP ATEX 2000	*592321	2000/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	61	69

## Technical data model Yalelift LHP ATEX HIGH with integrated push type trolley II 2 GD c IIC T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHP ATEX 500	*377799	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	27	33
YLLHP ATEX 1000	*377829	900/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	35	43
YLLHP ATEX 2000	*377836	1250/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	61	69

\*Size B on request

\*\*Weight for standard 3 m lift. Other lifting heights available.

\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.

## Technical data model Yalelift LHG ATEX BASIC with integrated geared type trolley II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHG ATEX 500	*377744	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	31	38
YLLHG ATEX 1000	*377768	1000/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	40	48
YLLHG ATEX 2000	*378697	2000/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	65	73
YLLHG ATEX 3000	*377782	3000/1	A	100 - 180	27	1.5	112	121
YLLHG ATEX 5000	*378703	5000/2	A	110 - 180	27	2.0	157	167
YLLHG ATEX 10000	*378727	10000/3	B	180 - 310	40	1.8	232	on request

## Technical data model Yalelift LHG ATEX MEDIUM with integrated geared type trolley II 2 GD c IIB T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHG ATEX 500	*594592	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	31	38
YLLHG ATEX 1000	*594608	1000/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	40	48
YLLHG ATEX 2000	*594615	2000/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	65	73
YLLHG ATEX 3000	*594622	3000/1	A	100 - 180	27	1.5	112	121
YLLHG ATEX 5000	*594639	5000/2	A	110 - 180	27	2.0	157	167
YLLHG ATEX 10000	*941549	10000/3	B	180 - 310	40	1.8	232	on request

## Technical data model Yalelift LHG ATEX HIGH with integrated geared type trolley II 2 GD c IIC T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity*** in kg/ number of chain falls	Size*	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Weight** kg	Weight** with locking device kg
YLLHG ATEX 500	*377843	500/1	A	60 - 180	19	0.9	31	38
YLLHG ATEX 1000	*377867	900/1	A	70 - 180	19	0.9	40	48
YLLHG ATEX 2000	*377874	1250/1	A	82 - 180	19	1.15	65	73
YLLHG ATEX 3000	*377898	2000/1	A	100 - 180	27	1.5	112	121
YLLHG ATEX 5000	*377911	4000/2	A	110 - 180	27	2.0	157	167
YLLHG ATEX 10000	*377928	6000/3	B	180 - 310	40	1.8	232	on request

\*Size B on request

\*\*Weight for standard 3 m lift. Other lifting heights available.

\*\*\*Models in HIGH design are already labelled with reduced capacities when delivered.

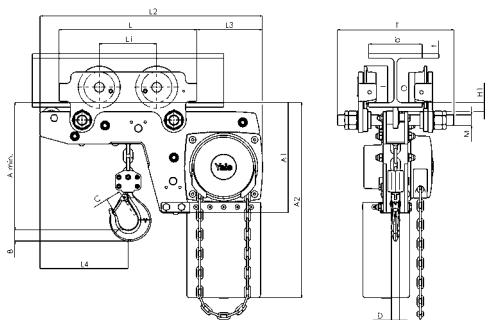
**!** Yale hoists and trolleys are not designed for passenger elevation applications and must not be used for this purpose.

Copper-coated for MEDIUM design or higher!

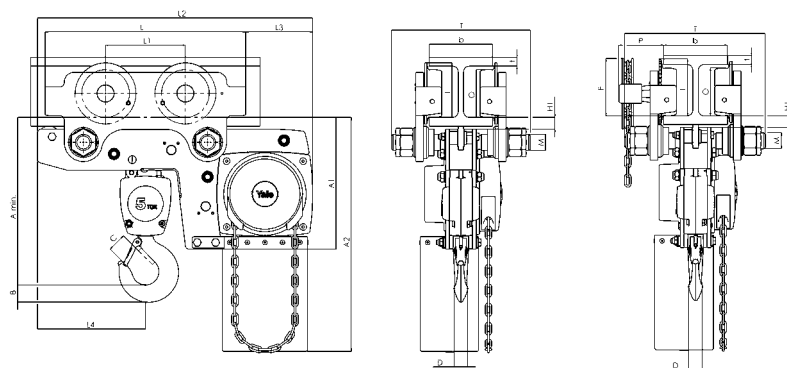


Dimensions model Yalelift LH ATEX

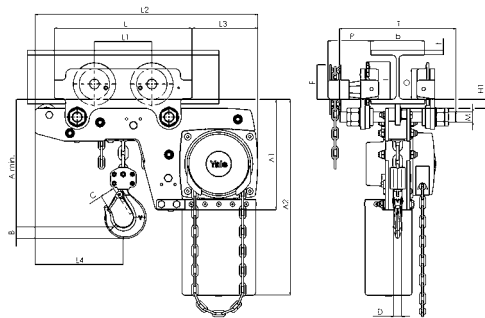
Model	YLLH ATEX 500	YLLH ATEX 1000	YLLH ATEX 2000	YLLH ATEX 3000	YLLH ATEX 5000	YLLH ATEX 10000
A min., mm	188	211	264	316	425	565
A1, mm	223	250	289	346	345	365
A2, mm	381	427	511	614	612	665
B, mm	17	22	30	38	45	68
C, mm	24	29	35	40	47	68
D, mm	14	19	22	30	37	50
F (Geared trolley), mm	92	92	91	107	150	150
H1, mm	24	24	24	32	31	45
I (Pushed trolley), mm	72	72	96	131	143	170
I (Geared trolley), mm	77	77	98	133	149	170
L, mm	270	310	360	445	525	485
L1, mm	130	130	150	180	209	225
L2, mm	444	488	582	690	720	805
L3, mm	124	135	172	203	175	215
L4, mm	184	201	230	265	283	348
M, mm	M 18	M 22	M 27	M 30	M 42	M 48
O, mm	60	60	80	112	125	150
P (Geared trolley), mm	108	110	112	112	117	165
T (Area A), mm	280	290	305	320	364	440
T (Area B), mm	400	410	425	440	484	540



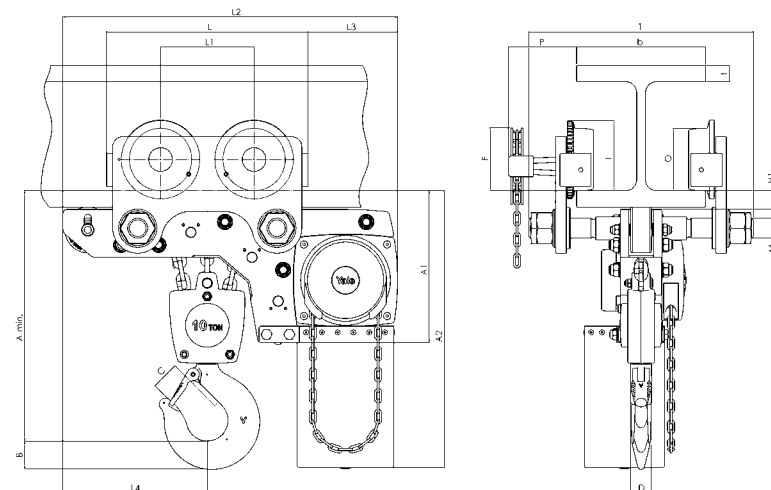
Model Yalelift LHP ATEX, 500 - 3000 kg, single fall



Model Yalelift LHP/LHG ATEX, 5000 kg, double fall



Model Yalelift LHG ATEX, 500 - 3000 kg, single fall



Model Yalelift LHG ATEX, 10000 kg, three fall



Image shows HIGH design

## Push and geared type trolley model HTP/G ATEX

Capacity 500 - 20000 kg

The trolley enables the exact positioning or easy traversing of large loads with either manual or powered hoisting equipment.

### Features

- The trolley wheels (only for HIGH design) are designed for a max. beam profile incline of 14% (DIN 1025-1), excellent rolling features due to prelubricated and encapsulated ball bearings.
- Adjustable to fit a wide range of beam widths and profiles (e. g. INP, IPE and IPB).
- Adjustments are made by rotating the clevis load bar which also ensures the centred positioning of the hoist in the clevis – no creeping to the left or the right.
- Trolleys are in accordance with the UUV and machinery directives.
- Explosion protected version with spark resistant coating.
- Trolleys equipped with rubber buffers.
- Stainless steel hand chain for model HTG.

### Options

- Locking device to secure the trolley in position on the beam (park position e.g. on ships).

### Technical data model HTP ATEX BASIC II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity kg	Size	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Hand effort at WLL daN	Weight kg	Weight with locking device kg
HTP ATEX 500	*362504	500	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	–	8.0	14.5
HTP ATEX 1000	*362535	1000	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	–	9.0	17.0
HTP ATEX 2000	*362542	2000	A	66 - 220	25	1.15	–	16.0	24.0
HTP ATEX 500	*362559	500	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	–	10.6	17.1
HTP ATEX 1000	*362573	1000	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	–	12.0	20.0
HTP ATEX 2000	*362580	2000	B	160 - 300	40	1.15	–	19.3	27.3

### Technical data model HTP ATEX HIGH II 2 GD c IIC T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity kg	Size	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min. m	Hand effort at WLL daN	Weight kg	Weight with locking device kg
HTP ATEX 500	*573894	500	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	–	8.0	14.5
HTP ATEX 1000	*573900	1000	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	–	9.0	17.0
HTP ATEX 2000	*573917	2000	A	66 - 220	25	1.15	–	16.0	24.0
HTP ATEX 500	*362764	500	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	–	10.6	17.1
HTP ATEX 1000	*362771	1000	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	–	12.0	20.0
HTP ATEX 2000	*362788	2000	B	160 - 300	40	1.15	–	19.3	27.3


## Technical data model HTG ATEX BASIC II 3 GD c IIB T4 / II 2 GD c IIA T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity  kg	Size	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min.  m	Hand effort at WLL  daN	Weight*  kg	Weight* with locking device kg
HTG ATEX 500	*362597	500	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	3	9.7	16.2
HTG ATEX 1000	*362603	1000	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	6	11.2	19.2
HTG ATEX 2000	*362610	2000	A	66 - 220	25	1.15	7	18.0	26.0
HTG ATEX 3000	*362627	3000	A	74 - 220	25	1.4	7	35.4	44.6
HTG ATEX 5000	*362634	5000	A	90 - 220	25	1.8	9	51.8	62.3
HTG ATEX 500	*362641	500	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	3	12.6	19.1
HTG ATEX 1000	*362658	1000	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	6	14.1	22.1
HTG ATEX 2000	*362665	2000	B	160 - 300	40	1.15	7	21.3	29.3
HTG ATEX 3000	*362672	3000	B	160 - 300	40	1.4	7	39.2	48.4
HTG ATEX 5000	*362689	5000	B	180 - 300	40	1.8	9	56.0	66.5
HTG ATEX 8000	*362719	8000	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	14	104.0	-
HTG ATEX 10000	*362726	10000	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	14	104.0	-
HTG ATEX 15000	*377577	15000	B	125 - 310	40	5.0	29	230.0	-
HTG ATEX 20000	*377584	20000	B	125 - 310	40	5.0	29	230.0	-

## Technical data model HTG ATEX HIGH II 2 GD c IIC T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity  kg	Size	Beam flange width b mm	Beam flange thickness t max. mm	Curve radius min.  m	Hand effort at WLL  daN	Weight*  kg	Weight* with locking device kg
HTG ATEX 500	*573948	500	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	3	9.7	16.2
HTG ATEX 1000	*573955	1000	A	50 - 220	25	0.9	6	11.2	19.2
HTG ATEX 2000	*573962	2000	A	66 - 220	25	1.15	7	18.0	26.0
HTG ATEX 3000	*573979	3000	A	74 - 220	25	1.4	7	35.4	44.6
HTG ATEX 5000	*573986	5000	A	90 - 220	25	1.8	9	51.8	62.3
HTG ATEX 500	*362825	500	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	3	12.6	19.1
HTG ATEX 1000	*362795	1000	B	160 - 300	40	0.9	6	14.1	22.1
HTG ATEX 2000	*362801	2000	B	160 - 300	40	1.15	7	21.3	29.3
HTG ATEX 3000	*377591	3000	B	160 - 300	40	1.4	7	39.2	48.4
HTG ATEX 5000	*362818	5000	B	180 - 300	40	1.8	9	56.0	66.5
HTG ATEX 8000	*573702	8000	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	14	104.0	-
HTG ATEX 10000	*573719	10000	B	125 - 310	40	1.8	14	104.0	-
HTG ATEX 15000	*573726	15000	B	125 - 310	40	5.0	29	230.0	-
HTG ATEX 20000	*573733	20000	B	125 - 310	40	5.0	29	230.0	-

\*Weight HTG without hand chain

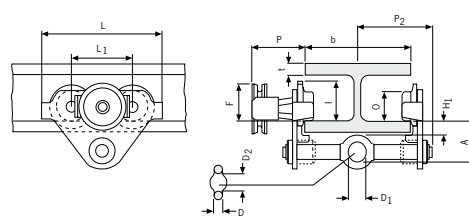
 Yale hoists and trolleys are not designed for passenger elevation applications and must not be used for this purpose.

**Dimensions model HTP ATEX**

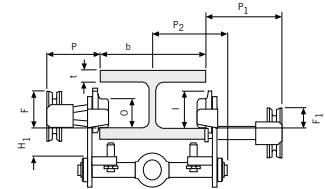
Model	HTP ATEX 500-A	HTP ATEX 1000-A	HTP ATEX 2000-A	HTP ATEX 3000-A	HTP ATEX 5000-A	HTP ATEX 500-B	HTP ATEX 1000-B	HTP ATEX 2000-B	HTP ATEX 3000-B	HTP ATEX 5000-B
A, mm	77	82.5	98.5	114	132.5	92	97.5	113.5	129	147.5
D, mm	16	17	22	26	33	16	17	22	26	33
D1, mm	25	30	40	48	60	25	30	40	48	60
D2, mm	30	35	47	58	70	30	35	47	58	70
F1, mm	46	46	46	46	45.5	46	46	46	46	45.5
H1, mm	30.5	30.5	30.5	30	30	45.5	45.5	45.5	45	45
I (HTP ATEX), mm	71.5	71.5	95.5	131	142.5	71.5	71.5	95.5	131	142.5
L, mm	260	260	310	390	450	260	260	310	390	450
L1, mm	130	130	150	180	209	130	130	150	180	209
O, mm	60	60	80	112	125	60	60	80	112	125
P1, mm	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
P2, mm	146	150	155	160	167.5	146	150	155	160	167.5
L3, mm	346	346	396	476	556	346	346	396	476	556

**Dimensions model HTG ATEX**

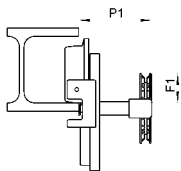
Model	HTG ATEX 500-A	HTG ATEX 1000-A	HTG ATEX 2000-A	HTG ATEX 3000-A	HTG ATEX 5000-A	HTG ATEX 500-B	HTG ATEX 1000-B	HTG ATEX 2000-B	HTG ATEX 3000-B	HTG ATEX 5000-B	HTG ATEX 8000-B	HTG ATEX 10000-B	HTG ATEX 15000-B	HTG ATEX 20000-B
A, mm	77	82.5	98.5	114	132.5	92	97.5	113.5	129	147.5	276	276	270	270
B, mm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	52	70	70
D, mm	16	17	22	26	33	16	17	22	26	33	30	30	35	35
D1, mm	25	30	40	48	60	25	30	40	48	60	80	80	110	110
D2, mm	30	35	47	58	70	30	35	47	58	70	114	114	155	155
F (HTG ATEX), mm	91.5	91.5	90.5	107.5	149.5	91.5	91.5	90.5	107.5	149.5	113	113	113	113
F1, mm	46	46	46	46	45.5	46	46	46	46	45.5	77	77	-	-
H1, mm	30.5	30.5	30.5	30	30	45.5	45.5	45.5	45	45	45	45	45	45
I (HTG ATEX), mm	76.5	76.5	98	132.5	148.5	76.5	76.5	98	132.5	148.5	170	170	170	170
L, mm	260	260	310	390	450	260	260	310	390	450	430	430	870	870
L1, mm	130	130	150	180	209	130	130	150	180	209	200	200	200	200
L2, mm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	115
O, mm	60	60	80	112	125	60	60	80	112	125	150	150	150	150
P (HTG ATEX), mm	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	163	163	163	163
P1, mm	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	193	193	-	-
P2, mm	146	150	155	160	167.5	187	187	189.5	191.5	191.5	-	-	-	-
T, mm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	270	270	270	270
L3, mm	346	346	396	476	556	346	346	396	476	556	536	536	976	976
P3, mm	194	194	194	195	195	194	194	194	195	195	-	-	-	-



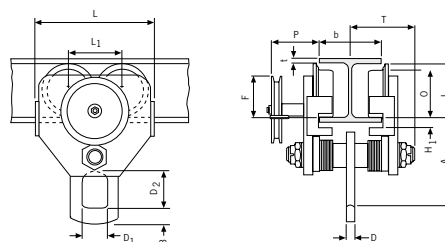
Model HTP/HTG ATEX 500 - 5000 kg



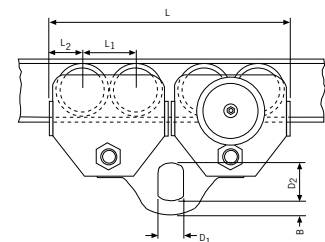
Model HTP/HTG ATEX 500 - 5000 kg, with locking device



Model HTG ATEX 10000 kg, locking device



Model HTG ATEX 10000 kg



Model HTG ATEX 20000 kg

## Ratchet lever hoist model UNOplus ATEX

Capacity 750 - 6000 kg

Further technical development turns the ratchet lever hoist into the successor of our proven UNO model.

The versatile tool for lifting, pulling and securing of loads is characterised by its compact design and robust stamped steel construction.

### Features

- Due to optimized gearing and improved bearings in the housing cover a minimum effort is required to operate the short hand lever.
- Steel hand wheel as standard.
- Automatic screw-and-disc type load brake with corrosion protected components.
- Standard free chaining device to quickly attach the load or to pull the chain through the hoist in both directions.
- Robust chain guide rollers eliminate fouling and jamming of chain on the load sheave.
- Sturdy bottom block with encapsulated bolt connections
- Alloyed steel link chain in accordance with national and international standards and regulations.
- Drop forged suspension and load hooks are made from non-aging, high tensile steel and fitted with robust safety latches.



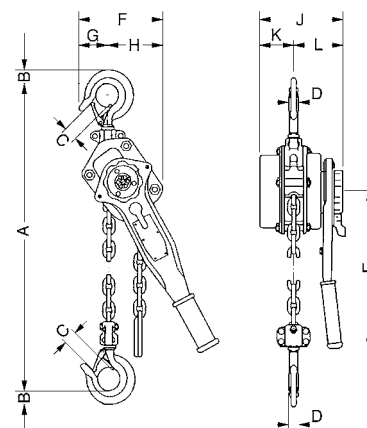
**Yale hoists and trolleys are not designed for passenger elevation applications and must not be used for this purpose.**

### Technical data model UNOplus ATEX I M2 resp. II 3 GD c IIB T4

Model	EAN-No. 4025092*	Capacity in kg/ number of chain falls	Chain dimensions d x p mm	Load chain grade	Lift with one full lever turn mm	Handle pull at WLL daN	Weight at standard lift (1.5 m) kg
UNOplus ATEX 750	*336536	750/1	6 x 18	T	20	20	7.2
UNOplus ATEX 1500	*336543	1500/1	8 x 24	T	22	35	12.5
UNOplus ATEX 3000	*336550	3000/1	10 x 30	T	17	40	21.5
UNOplus ATEX 6000	*336567	6000/2	10 x 30	T	9	40	32.0

### Dimensions model UNOplus ATEX

Model	UNOplus ATEX 750	UNOplus ATEX 1500	UNOplus ATEX 3000	UNOplus ATEX 6000
A min., mm	340	410	510	690
B, mm	22	28	36	45
C, mm	26	32	40	44
D, mm	16	21	27	33
E, mm	250	330	380	380
F, mm	150	170	220	220
G, mm	70	80	100	100
H, mm	80	90	120	120
J, mm	150	180	210	210
K, mm	60	80	90	90
L, mm	90	100	120	120



## Technical questionnaire

To enable us to design lifting units/drive elements in accordance with EU-directive 94/9/EG it is essential that this checklist is completed and all open questions regarding explosion protection are answered carefully.

### Equipment group, categories and zones

Equipment group I		Equipment group II		
(only for mining fire damp protection)		Category - Zone		Ex-atmosphere ...
		–	Category 1 - Zone 0/20	... is present continuously for long periods or frequently (not available)
Category M1			Category 2 - Zone 1/21	... is present occasionally in normal operation
Category M2			Category 3 - Zone 2/22	... is unlikely to be present except for a short period of time.

### Ex-atmosphere

<b>Medium?</b> If dusts are involved - please specify

<b>Surrounding temperature</b> (only permissible between -20 up to +40 °C)	
---	--

Zone			
	Gases/Vapours G		Dust D
–	0	–	20
	1		21
	2		22

Explosion group	
	IIA
	IIB
	IIC



### Temperature classes

	Temperature class	Max. surface temperature of the equipment [°C]	Max. ignition temperature of combustible substances [°C]	Max. surface temperature for dust [°C]
	T1	450	> 450	Ignition temperature ..... Smouldering temperature .....
	T2	300	> 300... < 450	
	T3	200	> 200... < 300	
	T4	135	> 135... < 200	
–	T5	100	> 100... < 135	
–	T6	85	> 85... < 100	

T1 up to T4 available, T5 and T6 not available

Place, Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

# Other Motion Tech Products



Precision in the Extreme





**Distributors for Australia & New Zealand**

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